
Ethnobotanical Survey Of Medicinal Plants In The Southeast

Ethnobotany for Beginners

Ethnobotany

Ethnobotanical Survey and Biological Activity of Medicinal Plants Used Against *Candida Albicans* in Aganang Local Municipality

Ethnobotanical Survey Of Important Medicinal Plants Of Miranjani Hills

An Ethnobotanical Survey and Phytochemical Screening of Medicinal Plants Used by the VhaVenda People of the Lwamondo Area in Thohoyandou, Limpopo Province, South Africa

Medicinal Plants of Israel

Ethnobotany of India, Volume 4

Ethnobotany of the Himalayas

Indian Ethnobotany: Bibliography of 21st Century (2001-2015)

Medicinal Plants of Nigeria

Ethnobotany, Volume 2

Native American Medicinal Plants

Medicinal Plants: Biodiversity, Sustainable Utilization and Conservation

Ethnobotany of India, 5-Volume Set

Herbs, Spices, and Medicinal Plants

Plant and Human Health, Volume 1

Ethnobotany in South Asia

Medicinal Plants of Madhya Pradesh

Modern Phytomedicine

Ethnobotanical Survey of Medicinal Plants with Antifungal Activities in Makhado Local Municipality, Limpopo Province, South Africa

Manual of Ethnobotany, 2nd Revised Ed.

Evidence Based Validation of Traditional Medicines

An Ethnobotanical Survey and Phytochemical Screening of Medicinal Plants Used by the VhaVenda People of the Lwamondo Area in Thohoyandou, Limpopo Province, South Africa

ETHNOBOTANY OF BHIL TRIBE

Ethnobotany and Medicinal Plants of Indian Subcontinent

Medicinal Plants

Ethnopharmacology and Biodiversity of Medicinal Plants

An Ethnobotanical Survey of Medicinal Plants Used for the Treatment of Heartburn in Southern Africa and an Evaluation of Their Pharmacological and Chemical Properties

Ethnobotanical Survey, Pharmacological Evaluation and Chemical Characterization of Selected Medicinal Plants Used in South Africa in the Management of Wounds

Ethnobotanical Survey of Medicinal Plants Used for the Treatment of Diarrhoea and

Dysentery by the Tribals of Similipal Forest, Mayurbhanj, Odisha, India

Indian Ethnobotany: Emerging Trends

Ethnobotanical survey, growth, anticancer activities and trace metal toxicity of selected medicinal plants traditionally used for cancer treatment
Ethnobotany of Rajasthan (India)
Understanding Tuberculosis
Medicinal Plants Used in Nam Kan National Park
Ethnobotanical Survey and Biological Screening of Medicinal Plants from Vanuatu
Medicinal Wild Plants of the Prairie
Medicinal and Other Uses of North American Plants
Knowing the Salween River: Resource Politics of a Contested Transboundary River
Plants, Health and Healing

*Ethnobotanical
Survey Of
Medicinal
Plants In The
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HOOPER LANG

*Ethnobotany for
Beginners* John Wiley &
Sons

Early anthropological evidence for plant use as medicine is 60,000 years old as reported from the Neanderthal grave in Iraq. The importance of plants as medicine is further supported by archeological evidence from Asia and the Middle East. Today, around 1.4 billion people in South Asia alone have no access to modern health care, and rely instead on traditional medicine to alleviate various symptoms. On a global basis, approximately 50 to 80 thousand plant species are used either natively or as pharmaceutical derivatives for life-threatening conditions that include diabetes, hypertension and cancers.

As the demand for plant-based medicine rises, there is an unmet need to investigate the quality, safety and efficacy of these herbals by the “scientific methods”. Current research on drug discovery from medicinal plants involves a multifaceted approach combining botanical, phytochemical, analytical, and molecular techniques. For instance, high throughput robotic screens have been developed by industry; it is now possible to carry out 50,000 tests per day in the search for compounds, which act on a key enzyme or a subset of receptors. This and other bioassays thus offer hope that one may eventually identify compounds for treating a variety of diseases or conditions. However, drug development from natural products is not without its problems. Frequent challenges encountered include the procurement

of raw materials, the selection and implementation of appropriate high-throughput bioassays, and the scaling-up of preparative procedures. Research scientists should therefore arm themselves with the right tools and knowledge in order to harness the vast potentials of plant-based therapeutics. The main objective of Plant and Human Health is to serve as a comprehensive guide for this endeavor. Volume 1 highlights how humans from specific areas or cultures use indigenous plants. Despite technological developments, herbal drugs still occupy a preferential place in a majority of the population in the third world and have slowly taken roots as alternative medicine in the West. The integration of modern science with traditional uses of herbal drugs is important for our understanding of this

ethnobotanical relationship. Volume 2 deals with the phytochemical and molecular characterization of herbal medicine. Specifically, it focuess on the secondary metabolic compounds, which afford protection against diseases. Lastly, Volume 3 discusses the physiological mechanisms by which the active ingredients of medicinal plants serve to improve human health. Together this three-volume collection intends to bridge the gap for herbalists, traditional and modern medical practitioners, and students and researchers in botany and horticulture.

Ethnobotany Timber Press (OR)

An introduction to the scientific literature on herbs, spices, and medicinal plants. Chemotaxonomic aspects of essential oils. Botanical noenclature of culinary herbs and potherbs. Biochemistry of monoterpenes ans sesquiterpenes of the esssntial oils. Polyphenolic componunds winth biological and pharmacological. Production ecology of secondary plant products. Medicinal plants of Israel:

an ethnobotanical survey. *Ethnobotanical Survey and Biological Activity of Medicinal Plants Used Against Candida Albicans in Aganang Local Municipality* Courier Corporation

The book contains 150 papers on Ethnobotany, Medicinal Plants and Economic Plant of Indian Sub-continent.

Ethnobotanical Survey Of Important Medicinal Plants Of Miranjani Hills Springer

The Present Book Ethnobotany Contains 28 Articles By Eminent Ethnobotanists Of The Country On Different Aspects Of The Subject. From The Introduction Of Ethnobotany, This Book Covers Articles On The Sacred Groves, Traditional Use Of Plants For Beauty Care, Folk Customs And Rituals, Ethnomedicinal Plants, Ethnoveterinary Forest Products And Ethnozoology. Articles On Ethnobotanical Studies In Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Saurashtra, The Terai Region Of Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Uttaranchal, Andhra Pradesh And Rajasthan Cover Some General And A Few Specifically On Medicine And Food Of These Regions. Articles On Protocol For Ethno-Medicinal Studies,

Ethnobiology And Ayurveda, Ancient Plant Economy In India, Wetland Biodiversity, Etc, Have Added To The Value Of The Book. Thus, It Provides A Good Glimpse Of The Rich

Ethnobotanical Heritage Of India.

An Ethnobotanical Survey and Phytochemical Screening of Medicinal Plants Used by the VhaVenda People of the Lwamondo Area in Thohoyandou, Limpopo Province, South Africa CRC Press

The present ethnobotanical work was carried out by doing periodical and extensive ethnobotanical survey, assessment of field and tribal knowledge bank of tribal inhabited localities of Ratlam district of Western Madhya Pradesh from 2004-2007. A total number of 210 plant species of ethnobotanical importance [Medicinal- 186; Vegetables- 27; Wild edible fruits-36; Fodder/Forage - 18; Beverage and Drinks-3; Gum and Resin-3; Magico-religious beliefs and offerings-25; Agriculture implements, Handle, Tools, Boats-5; Fibres-11; Detergent - 3; Dye-3; Tannin-12; Oil yielding Plants-3; House, Building construction, Thatching

and Furniture-11; Taboos and Totems-6; Musical instruments-11; Fuel-6; Biofencing-10; Fish poison-10; Other economic uses-7] belonging to 178 genera and 71 families have been including in the present study used by the indigenous people inhabiting all the villages of the district. Further the dicots are represented by 180 species belonging to 150 genera and 59 families and the remaining 30 species; belong to 28 genera and 12 families of monocots. Statistically, out of 210 plant species of ethnobotanical interest are belonging to different habits viz, 96 herbs, 55 trees, 37 shrubs, 16 climbers, 5 grasses and one angiospermic parasite plants and were included in the present study. The book includes vernacular names, Taxonomic description, distribution, part use, Chemical constituents, Biological activities, Folk uses of studied plants. This book is helpful for Botanists, Ethnobotanists, NGO's and research workers interested in carrying out the researchers in the field of Ayurveda and Medicinal uses of the plants, BAMS students, the student of Botany and

the persons engaged in Pharmaceutical concerns as well as other reader's interested in the field of Herbal-medicine and Ethno-medicine and a must for Scientific and University Libraries in Madhya Pradesh.

Medicinal Plants of Israel Scientific Publishers
Chronological historical citations document 500 years of usage of plants, trees, and shrubs native to eastern Canada and northeastern United States. Also complete identifying information, 343 illustrations. "You can't go wrong." — Botanic & Herb Reviews.

[Ethnobotany of India, Volume 4](#) Scientific Publishers
Plants have cultural histories, as their applications change over time and with place. Some plant species have affected human cultures in profound ways, such as the stimulants tea and coffee from the Old World, or coca and quinine from South America. Even though medicinal plants have always attracted considerable attention, there is surprisingly little research on the interface of ethnobotany and medical anthropology. This volume, which brings together (ethno-

botanists, medical anthropologists and a clinician, makes an important contribution towards filling this gap. It emphasises that plant knowledge arises situationally as an intrinsic part of social relationships, that herbs need to be enticed if not seduced by the healers who work with them, that herbal remedies are cultural artefacts, and that bioprospecting and medicinal plant discovery can be viewed as the epitome of a long history of borrowing, stealing and exchanging plants.

Ethnobotany of the Himalayas APH

Publishing

The present volume contains an editorial review article New vistas in Ethnobotany along with 76 other articles written by eminent ethno-botanist working in various scientific research and academic institutions in South Asia. Ethnobotany of tribals/traditional uses of plants in different parts of South Asia and ethnobotanical uses of Herbarium have been dealt with in this work besides many other useful articles. This work provides a glimpse of rich ethnobotanical heritage of South Asia.

Indian Ethnobotany:

Bibliography of 21st Century (2001-2015)

Springer

Ethnobotany of India:

Volume 4: Western and

Central Himalayas is the

4th volume of the 5-

volume set, an

informative book series on

the ethnobotanical

aspects of India. The

books cover different

regions, including Volume

1: Eastern Ghats and

Deccan Volume 2:

Western Ghats and West

Coast of Peninsular India

Volume 3: North-East

India and Andaman and

Nicobar Islands Volume 4:

Western and Central

Himalayas Volume 5: The

Indo-Gangetic Region

Each volume looks at the

important ethnic plants of

the specific region.

Volume 4 covers the

Western and Central

Himalayas, the well-

known mountain range on

the Indian subcontinent.

The unique flora and

fauna of the Himalayas

are varied, affected by

climate, rainfall, altitude,

and soils, and are

vulnerable to impacts

from climate change. The

editors espouse that

because indigenous non-

Western societies form

the vast majority of

people now as well as in

the past, a study of their

plant interrelationships is

necessary, and India is

one of the most important

regions of the old world

for its ancient and

culturally rich and diverse

knowledge of

ethnobotany. With this in

mind, these volumes

share a great deal of

information that will be

valuable to plant botanists

and others working in and

interested in ethnobotany.

This important volume

covers the ethnobotanical

aspects of many plants of

the region. It looks at

ethnic diversity of people

ethnic food plants and

food preparation

ethnomedical aspects of

plants psychedelic plants

and their possible link to

soma, a vedic ritual drink

whose plant origins are a

mystery ethnoveterinary

medicinal plants ethno-

conservation practices

biodiversity heritage sites

The volume includes the

details of the plants used,

their scientific names, the

parts used, and how the

plants are used, providing

the what, how, and why of

plant usage. The book is

well illustrated with 20

color and 67 b/w

illustrations. Together, the

five volumes in the

Ethnobotany of India

series presents the

available ethnobotanical

knowledge of India in one

place. India's ancient and

culturally rich and diverse

information and use of

ethnobotany will be

valuable to those in the

fields of botany and plant

sciences, pharmacognosy

and pharmacology,

nutraceuticals, and

others. The books also

consider the threat to

plant biodiversity imposed

by environmental

degradation, which

impacts cultural diversity.

Medicinal Plants of Nigeria

CRC Press

Currently ethnobotany

has been a subject of

wide interest for research

in developing and

developed countries. The

book has been dedicated

to the doyen of Indian

ethnobiology, Dr. S.K. Jain,

FNA, popularly known as

'Father of Indian

Ethnobotany'. The book

comprises very important

articles written by notable

ethnobiologists/ botanists

on different aspects of

ethnobotany. The book

would certainly be useful

to the students,

researchers and teachers

working on various

aspects of ethnobotany

and helpful to various

pharmaceutical industries

in exploring plants for

preparation of new drugs.

Ethnobotany, Volume 2

Scientific Publishers

Ethnobotany deals with

relationship between

people and plants. Since

ancient times plants were

used to cure all types of

illness and diseases all over the world. The traditional knowledge of medicinal valued plants communicated from one generation to another generation and plays a significant role in the development of traditional medicines. The ethnobotanical research provides information about medicinal plants that can cure fatal diseases. This book has fourteen chapters that include various aspect of Ethnobotany viz: Introduction to Ethnobotany; Ethnobotany: Past, Present and Future; Ethnobotany and Ayurveda; Important Sacred Plants in India; Grace of Butter tree; Diversity, Indigenous use of the Ethnomedicinal flora of various plants of India; Ethnobotany and Modern system of Medicine; Plants of folklore from myth to magic; Different tribal committee of India and Historical journey and its prospective in India. This book is highly relevant to innovated and enhance knowledge about Ethnobotany and helpful for undergraduate, post-graduate students, research scholars and faculty. The book incorporates chapters

authored by eminent botanists who are working in the field of Ethnobotany since a long time.

Native American Medicinal Plants Springer Nature

This guide is the result of an ethnobotanical survey carried out in the Nam Kan National Park, Bokeo province. The park constitutes a very unique area, both in terms of its ecosystems and cultural diversity. The reader will discover here medicinal plants used by three ethnic groups living in the area. They are used in many different ways, to maintain general health and to treat a wide range of ailments. Each plant is briefly presented and illustrated, then followed by a description of its medicinal uses in these different groups, giving an insight into the great diversity of their cultures.

Medicinal Plants: Biodiversity, Sustainable Utilization and Conservation Kojo Press

This new 5-volume set, *Ethnobotany of India*, provides an informative overview of human-plant interrelationships in India, focusing on the regional plants and their medicinal properties and uses. Each volume focuses on a different significant region of India, including Volume

1: Eastern Ghats and Deccan Volume 2: Western Ghats and West Coast of Peninsular India Volume 3: North-East India and Andaman and Nicobar Islands Volume 4: Western and Central Himalaya Volume 5: The Indo-Gangetic Region and Central India With chapters written by experts in the field, the book provides comprehensive information on the tribals (the indigenous populations of the region) and knowledge on plants that grow around them. Each volume includes an introductory chapter with an overview of the region and then goes on to cover ethnic diversity and culture of the ethnic tribes plants used for healing and medical purposes for humans and animals ethnic food plants and ethnic food preparation specific information on the ethnomedicinal plants, the parts used, and the diseases cured other uses of plants by the ethnic tribes, such as for fiber, dyes, flavor, and recreation conservation, documentation, and management efforts of the ethnic communities and their plant knowledge The books include the details of the plants used, their scientific names, the

parts used, and how the plants are used, providing the what, how, and why of plant usage. The volumes are well illustrated with over 100 color and 130 b/w illustrations.

Together, the five volumes in the *Ethnobotany of India* series bring together the available ethnobotanical knowledge of India in one place. India is one of the most important regions of the old world, and its ancient and culturally rich and diverse knowledge of ethnobotany will be valuable to many in the fields of botany and plant sciences, pharmacognosy and pharmacology, nutraceuticals, and others. The books also consider the threat to plant biodiversity imposed by environmental degradation, which impacts cultural diversity.

Ethnobotany of India, 5-Volume Set Scientific Publishers

The book deals with existing and potential medicinal plant resources in the environment of the Satpura region in Central India. It describes the plant ecology and useful species from the aspect of phytogeography and ethnobotany.

Herbs, Spices, and Medicinal Plants Scientific Publishers

In *Native American Medicinal Plants*, anthropologist Daniel E. Moerman describes the medicinal use of more than 2700 plants by 218 Native American tribes. Information—adapted from the same research used to create the monumental *Native American Ethnobotany*—includes 82 categories of medicinal uses, ranging from analgesics, contraceptives, gastrointestinal aids, hypotensive medicines, sedatives, and toothache remedies. *Native American Medicinal Plants* includes extensive indexes arranged by tribe, usage, and common name, making it easy to access the wealth of information in the detailed catalog of plants. It is an essential reference for students and professionals in the fields of anthropology, botany, and naturopathy and an engaging read for anyone interested in ethnobotany and natural healing.

Plant and Human Health, Volume 1

Scientific Publishers
Traditional uses of medicinal plants in healthcare practices are providing clues to new areas of research; hence their importance is now

well recognized. However, information on the uses of indigenous plants for medicine is not well documented from many rural pockets of Mayurbhanj district, Odisha, India including Similipal forest. The study focuses on presenting the therapeutic effects of selected plants that are used by the local people in relation to diarrhea and dysentery. Questionnaire surveys, participatory observations and field visits are made to elicit information on the uses of various plants. About 47 plant species belonging 45 genera and 33 families are used by the tribals of Similipal forest for diarrhoea and dysentery. The most cited species for the management of diarrhoea and dysentery are *Acorus calamus* L., *Aegle marmelos* (L.) Correa., *Centella asiatica* (L.) Urb., *Curculigo orchioides* Gaertn., *Emblica officinalis* Gaertn., *Oroxylum indicum* (L.) Vent., *Syzygium cumini* (L.) Skeels. and *Terminalia bellerica* (Gaertn.) Roxb. Research is needed to meet the challenges of identifying the active compounds in the plants, and there should be research-based evidence on whether whole herbs

or extracted compounds are better. The potent antimicrobial activity on these medicinally important species is warranted.

Ethnobotany in South Asia Berghahn Books

The present book comprises of two sections, A and B. Section A has the text of the lectures during the Training Course in Ethnobotany, and the section B has some of the material and exercise handled by the trainees during the Workshop and in practical classes. The sequence of the lectures has been so arranged as to gradually and step by step introduce the scope, methodology, and applications of the subject along with the subjects of preparation of scientific papers and research projects. This book will not only popularize the important subject of Ethnobotany but will also provide basic instructions for person freshly interested or inducted into this discipline.

Medicinal Plants of Madhya Pradesh Springer Nature

This timely and original handbook paves the way to success in plant-based drug development, systematically addressing the issues facing a pharmaceutical scientist

who wants to turn a plant compound into a safe and effective drug. Plant pharmacologists from around the world demonstrate the potentials and pitfalls involved, with many of the studies and experiments reported here published for the first time. The result is a valuable source of information unavailable elsewhere.

Modern Phytomedicine

Springer Nature

The demand for traditional medicines, herbal health products, herbal pharmaceuticals, nutraceuticals, food supplements and herbal cosmetics etc. is increasing globally due to the growing recognition of these products as mainly non-toxic, having lesser side effects, better compatibility with physiological flora, and availability at affordable prices. In the last century, medical science has made incredible advances all over the globe. In spite of global reorganization and a very sound history of traditional uses, the promotion of traditional medicine faces a number of challenges around the globe, primarily in developed nations. Regulation and safety is the high concern for the promotion of traditional

medicine. Quality issues and quality control, pharmacovigilance, scientific investigation and validation, intellectual property rights, and biopiracy are some key issues that restrain the advancement of traditional medicine around the globe. This book contains diverse and unique chapters, explaining in detail various subsections like phytomolecule, drug discovery and modern techniques, standardization and validation of traditional medicine, and medicinal plants, safety and regulatory issue of traditional medicine, pharmaceutical excipients from nature, plants for future. The contents of the book will be useful for the academicians, researchers and people working in the area of traditional medicine.

Ethnobotanical Survey of Medicinal Plants with Antifungal Activities in Makhado Local Municipality, Limpopo Province, South Africa CRC Press

Kindscher documents the medicinal use of 203 native prairie plants by the Plains Indians. He also adds information on recent pharmacological findings to further

illuminate the medicinal nature of these plants. He uses Indian, common, and scientific names and describes Anglo folk uses, medicinal uses, scientific research, and cultivation.

Best Sellers - Books :

- [Regretting You By Colleen Hoover](#)
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- [Daisy Jones & The Six: A Novel](#)
- [Baking Yesteryear: The Best Recipes From The 1900s To The 1980s](#)
- [The Going To Bed Book](#)
- [Never Never: A Romantic Suspense Novel Of Love And Fate By Colleen Hoover](#)
- [Iron Flame \(the Emphyrean, 2\) By Rebecca Yarros](#)
- [Demon Copperhead: A Pulitzer Prize Winner By Barbara Kingsolver](#)
- [The Housemaid By Freida Mcfadden](#)
- [You Will Own Nothing: Your War With A New Financial World Order And How To Fight Back](#)